

WBPS School Sub-Inspector Exam 2018

General Knowledge & Teaching Aptitude (Q26–Q100)

Q26. The 2018 International Tiger Day is observed on which date?

(A) July 29 ✓

(B) July 28

(C) July 30

(D) July 31

Explanation: International Tiger Day is observed globally on July 29 every year to raise awareness about tiger conservation.

Q27. The joint military exercise 'Maitree 2018' has started between India and which country?

(A) Thailand ✓

(B) Nepal

(C) Sri Lanka

(D) Vietnam

Explanation: Exercise 'Maitree' is an annual joint military exercise conducted between the Indian Army and the Royal Thai Army.

Q28. Balramji Das Tandon, who passed away recently, at the time of his death was the Governor of which state?

(A) Assam

(B) Karnataka

(C) Chhattisgarh ✓

(D) Himachal Pradesh

Explanation: Balramji Das Tandon was serving as the Governor of Chhattisgarh at the time of his death in 2018.

Q29. Which country is host to the 2018 Global Summit on Climate Action?

(A) United States ✓

(B) Brazil

(C) United Kingdom

(D) France

Explanation: The 2018 Global Climate Action Summit was held in San Francisco, California, USA, in September 2018.

Q30. The Anti-Leprosy Day is observed on which date in India?

(A) January 28

(B) January 30 ✓

(C) January 29

(D) January 31

Explanation: Anti-Leprosy Day is observed in India on January 30, the death anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi.

Q31. Which country has recently declared that it will impose a 'carbon tax' from 2019 to cut its Greenhouse gas emissions?

(A) India

(B) Singapore ✓

(C) Malaysia

(D) Japan

Explanation: Singapore announced in its 2018 budget that it would impose a carbon tax from 2019, the first such scheme in Southeast Asia.

Q32. The Salal Hydro Electric Power Station is built across which river in Jammu and Kashmir?

(A) Jhelum

(B) Ravi

(C) Chenab ✓

(D) Beas

Explanation: The Salal Hydro Electric Power Station is built across the Chenab river in Reasi district, Jammu and Kashmir.

(B) Maharashtra

(C) Punjab

(D) Rajasthan ✓

Explanation: The Bhadla Solar Park in Rajasthan's Thar Desert grew into the world's largest solar park.

Q33. Which State Government in India has declared Jackfruit as official fruit of the state?

(A) Odisha

(B) Nagaland

(C) Kerala ✓

(D) Tripura

Explanation: The Kerala government declared jackfruit as the official state fruit in 2018.

Q37. The Krishna Wildlife Sanctuary (KWS) is situated in which state?

(A) Maharashtra

(B) Karnataka

(C) Andhra Pradesh ✓

(D) Kerala

Explanation: The Krishna Wildlife Sanctuary lies in the Krishna river delta region of Andhra Pradesh.

Q34. The world's longest sandstone cave has been discovered in which state of India?

(A) Meghalaya ✓

(B) Karnataka

(C) Arunachal Pradesh

(D) Mizoram

Explanation: Krem Puri, in Meghalaya's East Khasi Hills, was mapped in 2018 and found to be the world's longest sandstone cave.

Q38. Under which theme the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has launched the 2018 Financial Literacy Week?

(A) Digital Safety

(B) Customer Protection ✓

(C) Banking Rules

(D) Your Liability

Explanation: RBI observed the 2018 Financial Literacy Week under the theme 'Customer Protection.'

Q35. What is the theme of the 2018 International Day of Forests?

(A) Forests and Water

(B) Forests and Energy

(C) Forests and Sustainable Cities ✓

(D) Forests and Life

Explanation: The theme of the 2018 International Day of Forests was 'Forests and Sustainable Cities.'

Q39. Vikas Gowda has recently announced his retirement from which sports?

(A) Boxing

(B) Race Walking

(C) Swimming

(D) Discus throw ✓

Explanation: Vikas Gowda, an Olympian discus thrower, announced his retirement from the sport in 2018.

Q36. The world's largest solar park will come up in which Indian State?

(A) Gujarat

Q40. The World Health Organization (WHO) has launched which comprehensive plan to eliminate trans fat in foods by 2023?

- (A) HEALTH
- (B) REPLACE ✓**
- (C) CHANGE
- (D) TRANS HEALTH

Explanation: WHO launched the 'REPLACE' action plan aiming to eliminate industrially produced trans fats from the global food supply by 2023.

Q41. The UNDP has proposed to set up skill development centre in which Indian city to empower vulnerable and marginalised women?

- (A) New Delhi
- (B) Chennai
- (C) Hyderabad ✓**
- (D) Bengaluru

Explanation: UNDP proposed a skill development centre at 'Bharosa' in Hyderabad to empower vulnerable and marginalised women.

Q42. The Sikkim Government has nominated which Bollywood personality as the Green Ambassador of the state?

- (A) Shreya Ghoshal
- (B) Atif Aslam
- (C) Mohit Chauhan ✓**
- (D) Sonu Nigam

Explanation: Playback singer Mohit Chauhan was nominated by the Sikkim government as the state's Green Ambassador in 2018.

Q43. Which of the following countries is to host the 23rd FIFA World Cup 2026?

- (A) US, Canada and Mexico ✓**
- (B) Brazil, Chile and Argentina
- (C) Brazil, Mexico and Spain

- (D) Thailand, Indonesia and Vietnam

Explanation: FIFA awarded the joint bid of the United States, Canada and Mexico to host the 2026 (23rd) FIFA World Cup.

Q44. Which app has been launched by the Indian Ministry of Railways to expedite and streamline passenger grievance redressal?

- (A) Rail Sathi
- (B) Rail Dost
- (C) Rail Madad ✓**
- (D) Rail Neer

Explanation: Indian Railways launched the 'Rail Madad' app/portal to speed up and streamline passenger grievance redressal.

Q45. The Kune Falls is located in which state in India?

- (A) Madhya Pradesh
- (B) Rajasthan
- (C) Kerala
- (D) Maharashtra ✓**

Explanation: Kune Falls is located near Lonavala in Maharashtra.

Q46. The biopic 'The Making of the Mahatma' has been screened in South Africa to commemorate the 125th year of Mahatma Gandhi's Satyagraha. The biopic is based on which novel?

- (A) The Essential Gandhi
- (B) Apprenticeship of a Mahatma ✓**
- (C) Satyagraha in South Africa
- (D) Gandhi on non-violence

Explanation: The biopic 'The Making of the Mahatma' is based on Fatima Meer's book 'Apprenticeship of a Mahatma.'

Q47. Swapan Sarkar, who passed away recently, was associated with which field?

- (A) Politics
- (B) Sports Journalism ✓**
- (C) Law
- (D) Art

Explanation: Swapan Sarkar was a veteran sports journalist who covered major events for several leading dailies.

Q48. The Personal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2018 aims to remove discrimination and stigma attached to patients of which disease?

- (A) Leprosy ✓**
- (B) HIV
- (C) Typhoid
- (D) Cancer

Explanation: The Personal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 2018 removed leprosy as a ground for divorce or judicial separation.

Q49. The book 'No Spin' is the autobiography of which veteran cricketer?

- (A) Anil Kumble
- (B) Muttiah Muralitharan
- (C) Shane Warne ✓**
- (D) Bishan Singh Bedi

Explanation: 'No Spin' is the autobiography of former Australian cricketer Shane Warne.

Q50. What is the theme of the 2018 International Day for the preservation of the Ozone Layer?

- (A) Ozone: All there is between you and earth
- (B) Keep cool and carry on: The Montreal Protocol ✓**
- (C) Ozone and climate: Restored by a world united
- (D) Ozone: The mission to protect world

Explanation: This was the theme of the 2018 International Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer.

Q51. 11th Five Years Plan in India introduced on

- (A) 2002-2007
- (B) 2007-2012 ✓**
- (C) 2012-2017
- (D) 1997-2002

Explanation: The 11th Five Year Plan of India was implemented from 2007 to 2012.

Q52. Full form of DPEP:

- (A) District Primary Education Programme ✓**
- (B) District Policy on Education and Planning
- (C) District Policy of Economic Programme
- (D) None of the above

Explanation: DPEP stands for District Primary Education Programme, launched to universalise primary education.

Q53. Full form of IRDP:

- (A) Internal River Development Project
- (B) International Rural Development Programme
- (C) Integrated Rural Development Project ✓**
- (D) Both (A) and (B)

Explanation: IRDP stands for Integrated Rural Development Project/Programme, a rural poverty-alleviation scheme.

Q54. Effective teaching means

- (A) corporal punishment given to student at the time of moral offences.
- (B) individualized instruction and open classroom discussion.

(C) love, co-operation, sympathy, affection given to students.

(D) Both (B) and (C) ✓

Explanation: Effective teaching combines individualised instruction and open discussion together with love, cooperation and affection shown to students.

Q55. The first important step in teaching is

- (A) planning before hand.
- (B) organizing material to be taught.

(C) knowing the background of students. ✓

- (D) None of the above

Explanation: Understanding the students' background is regarded as the essential first step before planning any lesson.

Q56. The most appropriate meaning of learning is

- (A) personal adjustment.
- (B) acquisition of skills.

(C) modification of behaviour. ✓

- (D) inculcation of knowledge.

Explanation: Learning is most appropriately defined as a relatively permanent change or modification of behaviour through experience.

Q57. Micro Teaching is useful to students of

(A) higher classes and primary classes both. ✓

- (B) 10+2 classes only.
- (C) primary classes only.
- (D) junior classes only.

Explanation: Micro-teaching, as a skill-training technique, is useful for students at both primary and higher class levels.

Q58. If a teacher is not able to answer the question of a student, he should

- (A) feel shy of his ignorance.
- (B) rebuke the student.

(C) say that he will answer after consultation. ✓

- (D) say that the question is wrong.

Explanation: A teacher who cannot answer a question should honestly tell students he will find out and respond later.

Q59. Cause and Effect relationship are studied by _____ studies.

(A) experimental ✓

- (B) clinical
- (C) comparative
- (D) developmental

Explanation: Cause-and-effect relationships between variables are typically studied through experimental research methods.

Q60. Which one of the following is the most important elements in teaching?

- (A) Students knowledge
- (B) Subject matter

(C) Relation between teacher and students ✓

- (D) Teaching techniques and aids used

Explanation: A warm, trusting relationship between teacher and student is regarded as the most important element in effective teaching.

Q61. If some of your students misbehave with you in the school you must

- (A) report to the Headmaster.

(B) improve their behaviour by your own character and scholarship. ✓

- (C) report to their parents.
- (D) mobilize other teachers against these guys.

Explanation: A teacher is expected to set an example through personal conduct and knowledge to correct misbehaving students.

- (B) suggestion for private tuition.
- (C) supervised study in Library.
- (D) diagnostic teaching. ✓**

Q62. Mental Health is

(A) harmonious functioning of the total personality. ✓

- (B) symptoms of maladjustment.
- (C) terrible excitement.
- (D) can not able to adjust.

Explanation: Mental health refers to the balanced and harmonious functioning of a person's whole personality.

Explanation: Diagnosing a student's specific learning difficulty and remediating it is considered the best remedy for learning problems.

Q66. Role of modern teacher —

- (A) Helps his students in learning
- (B) Maintain good discipline
- (C) A friend, philosopher and guide ✓**
- (D) Teaches the whole curriculum

Explanation: The modern teacher's role is best described as that of a friend, philosopher and guide to students.

Q63. Good test of a psychological nature bear the following features:

- (A) Cheaper
- (B) Rote Learning
- (C) Reliability ✓**
- (D) Guessing Power

Explanation: A good psychological test must be reliable, meaning it gives consistent results on repeated use.

Q67. You like teaching profession because

- (A) you are interested in it. ✓**
- (B) it is easy.
- (C) it has less responsibility.
- (D) it provide you more holidays.

Explanation: Genuine interest in the profession is considered the healthiest reason for choosing teaching as a career.

Q64. The best way to memorize to

- (A) study for long time.
- (B) understand the concept. ✓**
- (C) read loudly.
- (D) write the concept.

Explanation: Genuine, lasting memorisation is best achieved through understanding a concept rather than rote repetition.

Q68. The maximum contribution to the process of socialization in general comes from

- (A) teacher
- (B) school
- (C) home ✓**
- (D) community

Explanation: The family/home is regarded as the primary and most influential agent in a child's socialization.

Q65. The best remedy of the student's problems related with learning is

- (A) suggestion for hard work.

Q69. Cooley's 'face to face' group refers to

(A) a primary group ✓

- (B) a formal group
- (C) an out group
- (D) inherited group

Explanation: Cooley described intimate, 'face to face' groups characterised by close association as primary groups.

Q70. A group in which one has a 'We feeling' is called

- (A) a primary group
- (B) a secondary group
- (C) an in-group** ✓
- (D) a national group

Explanation: A group whose members share a strong sense of belonging, or 'We-feeling', is called an in-group.

Q71. What is the meaning of lesson plan?

- (A) To read the lesson before teaching it.
- (B) To prepare all that the teacher wants to teach in a limited period.** ✓
- (C) To prepare detailed answer all the question to be asked in the class.
- (D) To prepare the list of questions to be asked.

Explanation: A lesson plan is the teacher's outline of content and activities planned for a specific class period.

Q72. What do you mean by curriculum?

- (A) Students learn through curriculum
- (B) Sum total of annual study
- (C) Indicate the course to be taught by the teacher to the students throughout the year** ✓
- (D) Sum total of the activities of a school

Explanation: Curriculum refers to the planned course of study to be covered by a teacher across the academic year.

Q73. Project method of teaching is an outstanding contribution of

- (A) Realism
- (B) Pragmatism** ✓
- (C) Idealism
- (D) Naturalism

Explanation: The Project Method of teaching, developed by Kilpatrick, is a notable contribution of the pragmatist philosophy of education.

Q74. Which school of philosophy raised the slogan 'Back to Nature'?

- (A) Naturalism** ✓
- (B) Idealism
- (C) Pragmatism
- (D) None of the above

Explanation: The philosophy of Naturalism, associated with thinkers like Rousseau, raised the slogan 'Back to Nature.'

Q75. National Adult Education Programme was introduced in India in ____.

- (A) 1986
- (B) 1979
- (C) 1968
- (D) 1978** ✓

Explanation: The National Adult Education Programme was launched in India in 1978.

Q76. Man is potentially divine — said.

- (A) Aurobinda
- (B) Gandhiji

(C) Vivekananda ✓

(D) None of the above

Explanation: Swami Vivekananda proclaimed that 'Man is potentially divine', emphasising the inherent divinity within every individual.

(B) childcentric ✓

(C) traditional

(D) None of the above

Explanation: Modern education emphasises a child-centric approach that focuses on the needs and interests of the learner.

Q77. The first principle of true teaching is that nothing can be taught — said.

(A) Plato

(B) Rusk

(C) Herbert Spencer

(D) Aurobinda ✓

Explanation: Sri Aurobindo held that true teaching cannot directly impart knowledge; a teacher can only help draw it out from within the student.

Q81. Father of childcentric education was

(A) Rusk

(B) Dewey

(C) Vivekananda

(D) Rousseau ✓

Explanation: Jean-Jacques Rousseau is regarded as the father of child-centric education.

Q78. Integrated curriculum comes from

(A) Idealism

(B) Naturalism

(C) Pragmatism ✓

(D) Realism

Explanation: The concept of an integrated curriculum, linking subjects to real-life experience, stems from the pragmatist philosophy of education.

Q82. Where was first Experimental Psychology Laboratory set up?

(A) Berlin

(B) Leipzig ✓

(C) Boston

(D) Kolkata

Explanation: Wilhelm Wundt set up the first experimental psychology laboratory at the University of Leipzig, Germany, in 1879.

Q79. Idealism in education was propounded by

(A) Rousseau

(B) Aurobinda

(C) Plato ✓

(D) Dewey

Explanation: Idealism in education traces back to the ancient Greek philosopher Plato.

Q83. Which method has made educational psychology is a science?

(A) Survey method

(B) Clinical method

(C) Experimental method ✓

(D) Observation method

Explanation: The application of the experimental method helped establish educational psychology as a scientific discipline.

Q80. Modern education is _____ education.

(A) teacher-centric

Q84. The original Guilford Structure of intellect model suggest

- (A) 7 primary factors
- (B) 150 factors
- (C) 120 factors ✓**
- (D) None of the above

Explanation: Guilford's original Structure of Intellect model proposed 120 distinct intellectual factors or abilities.

Q85. The Army-Alpha and Army-Beta were devised during

- (A) World War II
- (B) 1950-60
- (C) World War I ✓**
- (D) 1980-90

Explanation: The Army Alpha and Army Beta group intelligence tests were developed for the US Army during World War I.

Q86. Performance Test measured _____ .

- (A) Intelligence ✓**
- (B) Memory
- (C) Personality
- (D) None of the above

Explanation: Performance tests are largely non-verbal tools primarily used to measure a person's intelligence.

Q87. In an Intelligence Test a child age is 8 years and his mental age is 9 years. His IQ is

- (A) 100
- (B) 125
- (C) 112.5 ✓**
- (D) 95

Explanation: $IQ = (Mental\ Age \div Chronological\ Age) \times 100 = (9 \div 8) \times 100 = 112.5$.

Q88. "Learning is the modification of behaviour through experience and training" associated with

- (A) Skinner
- (B) Bhatia
- (C) Gates and others ✓**
- (D) None of the above

Explanation: The definition 'learning is the modification of behaviour through experience and training' is attributed to Gates and his associates.

Q89. Insightful learning is basically learning by

- (A) Conditions
- (B) Cognitions ✓**
- (C) Trial and Error
- (D) Imitation

Explanation: Insightful learning, as described by Gestalt psychologists such as Köhler, is essentially a cognitive process rather than trial and error.

Q90. The expectancy theory is related to concept

- (A) Motivation ✓**
- (B) Memory
- (C) Learning
- (D) Emotion

Explanation: Expectancy theory is a concept related to motivation, explaining how expected outcomes drive behaviour.

Q91. At present the Government Policy on Education considers Education as a unique _____.

- (A) source of income
- (B) consumption

(C) investment ✓

(D) expenditure

Explanation: Current government education policy treats education as a unique investment in human capital rather than mere consumption expenditure.

Q92. The University Education Commission (1948-49) recommended the establishment of

(A) Agriculture and Rural University. ✓

(B) Central University in each state.

(C) Separate Urban and Rural University.

(D) University for Teacher Education.

Explanation: The University Education Commission (1948-49) recommended establishing rural and agricultural universities suited to India's largely agrarian population.

Q93. Serampore College established on

(A) 1818 ✓

(B) 1820

(C) 1815

(D) 1830

Explanation: Serampore College, one of India's oldest institutions of higher learning, was established in 1818.

Q94. Charter Act comes on

(A) 1825

(B) 1813 ✓

(C) 1805

(D) 1812

Explanation: The Charter Act, which renewed the East India Company's charter and opened India to missionary activity, was passed in 1813.

Q95. Full form of G.C.P.I.:

(A) Government Council for Private Institution

(B) General Committee of Public Instruction ✓

(C) Government Committee for Public Instruction

(D) None of the above

Explanation: G.C.P.I. stands for General Committee of Public Instruction, a colonial-era body overseeing education in India.

Q96. N.L.M. comes on

(A) 1990

(B) 1988 ✓

(C) 2000

(D) 1997

Explanation: The National Literacy Mission (N.L.M.) was launched in India in 1988.

Q97. In the type of education, the family imparts to the child is

(A) Formal

(B) Nonformal

(C) Informal ✓

(D) Traditional

Explanation: Education imparted by the family to a child is generally unstructured and unplanned, and is therefore classified as informal education.

Q98. Full form of S.U.P.W.:

(A) Socially Useful and Productive Work ✓

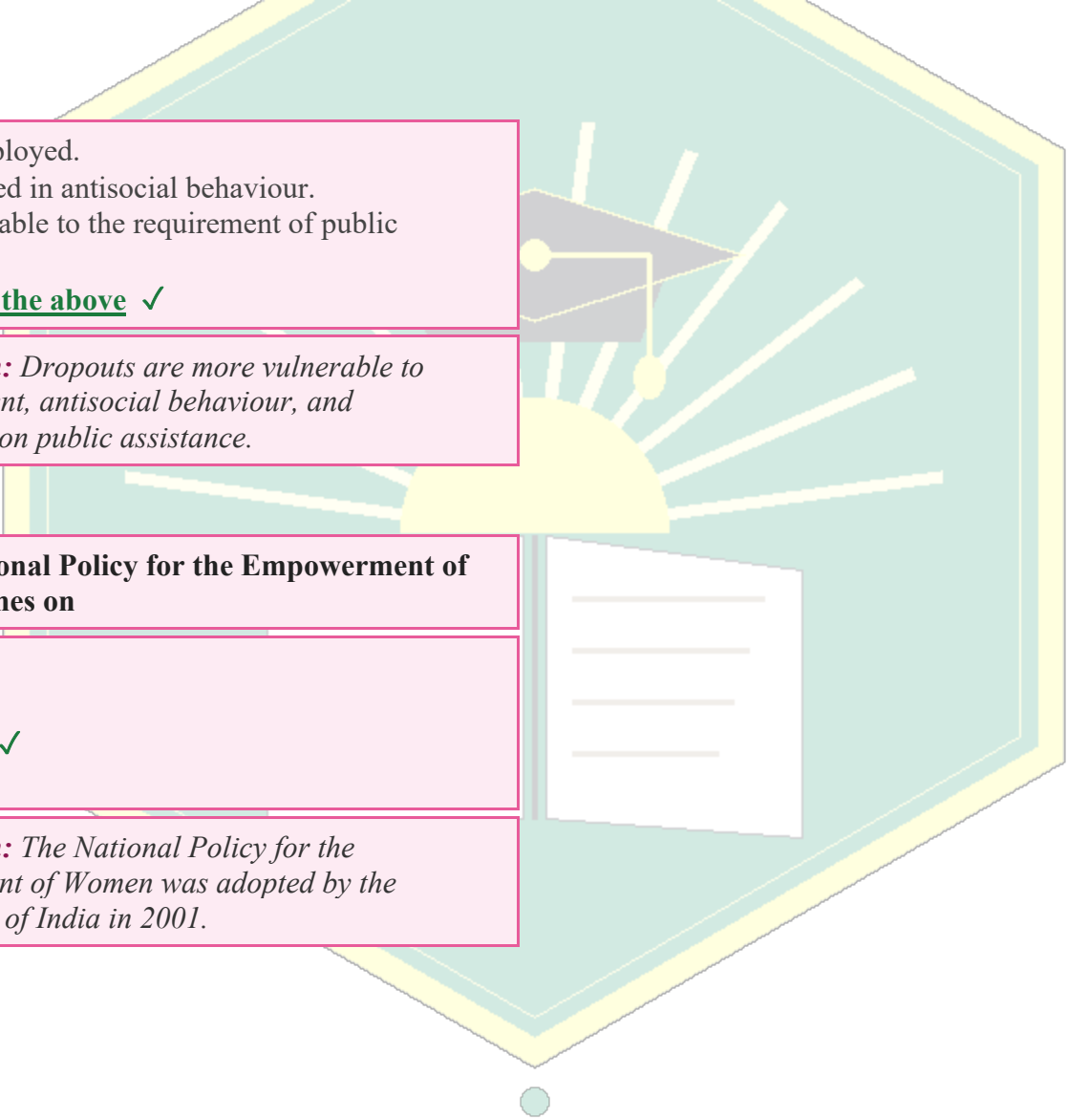
(B) Social Useful Project Work

(C) Society Upperclass Progress Work

(D) None of the above

Explanation: S.U.P.W. stands for Socially Useful and Productive Work, a curricular activity component in Indian schools.

Q99. Drop-outs are more likely to be

- 
- (A) unemployed.
(B) engaged in antisocial behaviour.
(C) vulnerable to the requirement of public assistance.

(D) All of the above ✓

Explanation: Dropouts are more vulnerable to unemployment, antisocial behaviour, and dependence on public assistance.

Q100. National Policy for the Empowerment of Women comes on

- (A) 2000
(B) 2005
(C) 2001 ✓
(D) 2010

Explanation: The National Policy for the Empowerment of Women was adopted by the Government of India in 2001.

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